

EENG382 HW09 – AUTHOR'S SOLUTIONS

NOTE: I have not yet verified that the author's solutions are, in fact, correct.

Prob 16.17

P 16.17 [a] $i(t)$ is odd, therefore $a_v = 0$ and $b_k = 0$ for all k .

$$f(t) = i(t) = I_m - \frac{2I_m}{T}t, \quad 0 \leq t \leq T$$

$$\begin{aligned} b_k &= \frac{4}{T} \int_0^{T/2} f(t) \sin k\omega_0 t \, dt \\ &= \frac{4}{T} \int_0^{T/2} \left(I_m - \frac{2I_m}{T}t \right) \sin k\omega_0 t \, dt \\ &= \frac{4I_m}{T} \left[\int_0^{T/2} \sin k\omega_0 t \, dt - \frac{2}{T} \int_0^{T/2} t \sin k\omega_0 t \, dt \right] \\ &= \frac{4I_m}{T} \left[\frac{-\cos k\omega_0 t}{k\omega_0} \Big|_0^{T/2} - \frac{2}{T} \left(\frac{\sin k\omega_0 t}{k^2\omega_0^2} - \frac{t \cos k\omega_0 t}{k\omega_0} \right) \Big|_0^{T/2} \right] \\ &= \frac{4I_m}{T} \left[\frac{1 - \cos k\pi}{k\omega_0} + \frac{\cos k\pi}{k\omega_0} \right] \\ &= \frac{4I_m}{k\omega_0 T} = \frac{2I_m}{k\pi} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore i(t) = \frac{2I_m}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \sin n\omega_0 t$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{[b]} \quad i(t) &= \frac{2I_m}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \sin n\omega_0(t + T/2) \\ &= \frac{2I_m}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos n\pi}{n} \sin n\omega_0 t \end{aligned}$$

Prob 16.29

$$\text{P 16.29 [a]} \quad \frac{V_0 - V_g}{16s} + V_0(12.5 \times 10^{-6}s) + \frac{V_0}{1000} = 0$$

$$V_0 \left[\frac{1}{16s} + 12.6 \times 10^{-6}s + \frac{1}{1000} \right] = \frac{V_g}{16s}$$

$$V_0(1000 + 0.2s^2 + 16s) = 1000V_g$$

$$V_0 = \frac{5000V_g}{s^2 + 80s + 5000}$$

$$I_0 = \frac{V_0}{1000} = \frac{5V_g}{s^2 + 80s + 5000}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{I_0}{V_g} = \frac{5}{s^2 + 80s + 5000}$$

$$H(nj\omega_0) = \frac{5}{(5000 - n^2\omega_0^2) + j80n\omega_0}$$

$$\omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{T} = 240\pi; \quad \omega_0^2 = 57,600\pi^2; \quad 80\omega_0 = 19,200\pi$$

$$H(jn\omega_0) = \frac{5}{(5000 - 57,600\pi^2n^2) + j19,200\pi n}$$

$$H(0) = 10^{-3}$$

$$H(j\omega_0) = 8.82 \times 10^{-6} / \underline{-173.89^\circ}$$

$$H(j2\omega_0) = 2.20 \times 10^{-6} / \underline{-176.96^\circ}$$

$$H(j3\omega_0) = 9.78 \times 10^{-7} / \underline{-177.97^\circ}$$

$$H(j4\omega_0) = 5.5 \times 10^{-7} / \underline{-178.48^\circ}$$

Prob 16.29 (Cont'd)

$$v_g = \frac{680}{\pi} - \frac{1360}{\pi} \left[\frac{1}{3} \cos \omega_0 t + \frac{1}{15} \cos 2\omega_0 t + \frac{1}{35} \cos 3\omega_0 t + \frac{1}{63} \cos 4\omega_0 t + \dots \right]$$

$$i_0 = \frac{680}{\pi} \times 10^{-3} - \frac{1360}{3\pi} (8.82 \times 10^{-6}) \cos(\omega_0 t - 173.89^\circ)$$

$$- \frac{1360}{15\pi} (2.20 \times 10^{-6}) \cos(2\omega_0 t - 176.96^\circ)$$

$$- \frac{1360}{35\pi} (9.78 \times 10^{-7}) \cos(3\omega_0 t - 177.97^\circ)$$

$$- \frac{1360}{63\pi} (5.5 \times 10^{-7}) \cos(4\omega_0 t - 178.48^\circ) - \dots$$

$$= 216.45 \times 10^{-3} + 1.27 \times 10^{-3} \cos(240\pi t + 6.11^\circ)$$

$$+ 6.35 \times 10^{-5} \cos(480\pi t + 3.04^\circ)$$

$$+ 1.21 \times 10^{-5} \cos(720\pi t + 2.03^\circ)$$

$$+ 3.8 \times 10^{-6} \cos(960\pi t + 1.11^\circ) - \dots$$

$$i_0 \cong 216.45 + 1.27 \cos(240\pi t + 6.11^\circ) \text{ mA}$$

Note that the sinusoidal component is very small compared to the dc component, so

$$i_0 \cong 216.45 \text{ mA} \quad (\text{a dc current})$$

- [b]** The circuit is a low pass filter, so the harmonic terms are greatly reduced in the output.

Prob 16.34

$$\text{P 16.34 [a]} \quad a_v = \frac{2\left(\frac{1}{2}\frac{T}{4}V_m\right)}{T} = \frac{V_m}{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_k &= \frac{4}{T} \int_0^{T/4} \left[V_m - \frac{4V_m}{T}t \right] \cos k\omega_0 t \, dt \\ &= \frac{4V_m}{\pi^2 k^2} \left[1 - \cos \frac{k\pi}{2} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$b_k = 0, \quad \text{all } k$$

$$a_v = \frac{60}{4} = 15 \text{ V}$$

$$a_1 = \frac{240}{\pi^2}$$

$$a_2 = \frac{240}{4\pi^2}(1 - \cos \pi) = \frac{120}{\pi^2}$$

$$V_{\text{rms}} = \sqrt{(15)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left[\left(\frac{240}{\pi^2} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{120}{\pi^2} \right)^2 \right]} = 24.38 \text{ V}$$

$$P = \frac{(24.38)^2}{10} = 59.46 \text{ W}$$

[b] Area under v^2 ; $0 \leq t \leq T/4$

$$v^2 = 3600 - \frac{28,800}{T}t + \frac{57,600}{T^2}t^2$$

$$A = 2 \int_0^{T/4} \left[3600 - \frac{28,800}{T}t + \frac{57,600}{T^2}t^2 \right] dt = 600T$$

$$V_{\text{rms}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{T}600T} = \sqrt{600} = 24.49 \text{ V}$$

$$P = \sqrt{600}^2/10 = 60 \text{ W}$$

[c] Error = $\left(\frac{59.46}{60.00} - 1 \right) 100 = -0.9041\%$

