

Assignment

HW04: Sebesta Problems 7.(7,8,9,10,11,12,13,18,20), Programming Exercises 7.(1,8)

HANDWRITTEN – Due at beginning of class on due date.

PROGRAM – Due at midnight, via Blackboard, at midnight on day prior to due date.

Handwritten Portion

7. Describe a situation in which the add operator in a programming language would not be commutative.
8. Describe a situation in which the add operator in a programming language would not be associative.
9. Assume the following rules of associativity and precedence for expressions:

<i>Precedence</i>	<i>Highest</i>	* , / , not
		+ , - , & , mod
		- (unary)
		= , / = , < , < = , > = , >
		and
	<i>Lowest</i>	or , xor
<i>Associativity</i>	<i>Left to right</i>	

Show the order of evaluation of the following expressions by parenthesizing all subexpressions and placing a superscript on the right parenthesis to indicate order. For example, for the expression

$a + b * c + d$

the order of evaluation would be represented as

$((a + (b * c)^1)^2 + d)^3$

- a. $a * b - 1 + c$
- b. $a * (b - 1) / c \text{ mod } d$
- c. $(a - b) / c \& (d * e / a - 3)$
- d. $-a \text{ or } c = d \text{ and } e$
- e. $a > b \text{ xor } c \text{ or } d \leq 17$
- f. $-a + b$

10. Show the order of evaluation of the expressions of Problem 9, assuming that there are no precedence rules and all operators associate right to left.
11. Write a BNF description of the precedence and associativity rules defined for the expressions in Problem 9. Assume the only operands are the names *a*, *b*, *c*, *d*, and *e*.
12. Using the grammar of Problem 11, draw parse trees for the expressions of Problem 9.
13. Let the function `fun` be defined as

```
int fun(int *k) {  
    *k += 4;  
    return 3 * (*k) - 1;  
}
```

Suppose `fun` is used in a program as follows:

```
void main() {  
    int i = 10, j = 10, sum1, sum2;  
    sum1 = (i / 2) + fun(&i);  
    sum2 = fun(&j) + (j / 2);  
}
```

What are the values of `sum1` and `sum2`

- a. if the operands in the expressions are evaluated left to right?
 - b. if the operands in the expressions are evaluated right to left?
18. Should an optimizing compiler for C or C++ be allowed to change the order of subexpressions in a Boolean expression? Why or why not?

20. Consider the following C program:

```
int fun(int *i) {  
    *i += 5;  
    return 4;  
}  
void main() {  
    int x = 3;  
    x = x + fun(&x);  
}
```

What is the value of `x` after the assignment statement in `main`, assuming

- a. operands are evaluated left to right.
- b. operands are evaluated right to left.

Programming Portion

1. Run the code given in Problem 13 (in the Problem Set) on some system that supports C to determine the values of `sum1` and `sum2`. Explain the results.
8. Write a C program that has the following statements:

```
int a, b;
a = 10;
b = a + fun();
printf("With the function call on the right, ");
printf(" b is: %d\n", b);
a = 10;
b = fun() + a;
printf("With the function call on the left, ");
printf(" b is: %d\n", b);
```

and define `fun` to add 10 to `a`. Explain the results.

NOTES

In Programming Exercise 7.8, the function `fun()` should change the value stored in the variable `a` by increasing it by ten. Thus `a` needs to be accessible to `fun()`. Easiest way: make `a` and `b` global variables.

Grading Rubric

The assignment is worth 25 pts (as a whole) and the score will be recorded as a percentage of that amount.

Problem	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	18	20
Points	1	1	3	3	2	3	2	2	2

Programming Problems: 7.1 - 2pts; 7.8 – 4pts

10% Physical Format

50% Answers correct (and supported by work)

40% Effort evidenced by the submitted work