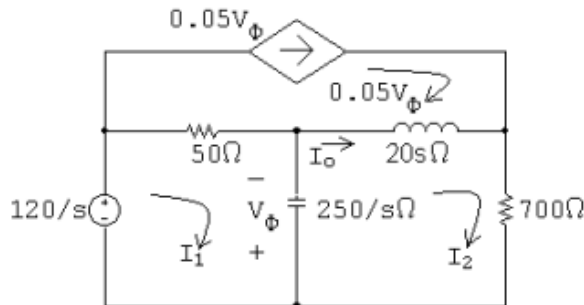


EENG382 HW05 – AUTHOR'S SOLUTIONS

NOTE: I have not yet verified that the author's solutions are, in fact, correct.

**Prob 13.31**

P 13.31 [a]



$$\frac{120}{s} = 50(I_1 - 0.05V_\phi) + \frac{250}{s}(I_1 - I_2)$$

$$\frac{250}{s} = 50I_1 - 2.5\left(\frac{250}{s}\right)(I_2 - I_1) + \frac{250}{s}I_1 - \frac{250}{s}I_2$$

Simplifying,

$$(50s + 875)I_1 - 875I_2 = 120$$

$$250(s - 1)I_1 + (20s^2 + 450s + 250)I_2 = 0$$

$$\Delta = \begin{vmatrix} (50s + 875) & -875 \\ 250(s - 1) & (20s^2 + 450s + 250) \end{vmatrix} = 1000s(s^2 + 40s + 625)$$

$$N_1 = \begin{vmatrix} 120 & -875 \\ 0 & (20s^2 + 450s + 250) \end{vmatrix} = 1200(2s^2 + 45s + 25)$$

$$N_2 = \begin{vmatrix} (50s + 875) & 120 \\ 250(s - 1) & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -30,000(s - 1)$$

$$I_1 = \frac{N_1}{\Delta} = \frac{1200(2s^2 + 45s + 25)}{s(s^2 + 40s + 625)}$$

$$I_2 = \frac{N_2}{\Delta} = \frac{-30,000(s - 1)}{s(s^2 + 40s + 625)}$$

**Prob 13.31 (Cont'd)**

$$I_o = I_2 - 0.05V_\phi = I_2 - 0.05 \left[ \frac{250}{s} (I_2 - I_1) \right]$$

$$I_2 - I_1 = \frac{-2400(s + 35)}{s(s^2 + 40s + 625)}$$

$$\frac{250}{s} (I_2 - I_1) = \frac{-600,000(s + 35)}{s(s^2 + 40s + 625)}$$

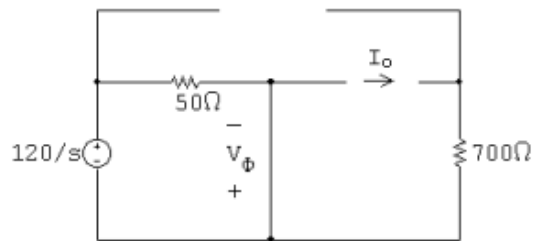
$$\therefore I_o = \frac{-30,000(s - 1)}{s(s^2 + 40s + 625)} + \frac{30,000(s + 35)}{s(s^2 + 40s + 625)} = \frac{1080}{s(s^2 + 40s + 625)}$$

[b]  $sI_o = \frac{1080}{(s^2 + 40s + 625)}$

$$i_o(0^+) = \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} sI_o = 0$$

$$i_o(\infty) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} sV_o = \frac{1080}{625} = 1728 \text{ mA}$$

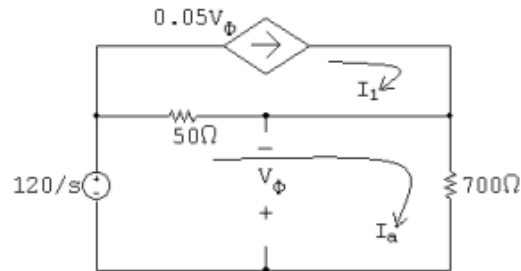
[c] At  $t = 0^+$  the circuit is



$$i(0^+) = 0 \text{ (checks)}$$

**Prob 13.31 (Cont'd)**

At  $t = \infty$  the circuit is



$$120 = 50(i_a - i_1) + 700i_a$$

$$= 50(i_a - 0.05v_\phi) + 700i_a = 750i_a - 2.5v_\phi$$

$$v_\phi = -700i_a \quad \therefore \quad 120 = 750i_a + 1750i_a = 2500i_a$$

$$i_a = \frac{120}{2500} = 48 \text{ mA}$$

$$v_\phi = -700i_a = -33.60 \text{ V}$$

$$i_o(\infty) = 48 \times 10^{-3} - 0.05(-33.60) = 48 \times 10^{-3} + 1.68 = 1728 \text{ mA (checks)}$$

$$[d] \quad I_o = \frac{1080}{s(s^2 + 40s + 625)} = \frac{K_1}{s} + \frac{K_2}{s + 20 - j15} + \frac{K_2^*}{s + 20 + j15}$$

$$K_1 = \frac{1080}{625} = 1.728$$

$$K_2 = \frac{1080}{(-20 + j15)(j30)} = 1.44/126.87^\circ$$

$$i_o(t) = [1728 + 2880e^{-20t} \cos(15t + 126.87^\circ)]u(t) \text{ mA}$$

$$\text{Check: } i_o(0^+) = 0 \text{ mA}; \quad i_o(\infty) = 1728 \text{ mA}$$

**Prob 13.67**P 13.67 [a]  $-1 \leq t \leq 4$ :

$$v_o = \int_0^{t+1} 10\lambda d\lambda = 5\lambda^2 \Big|_0^{t+1} = 5t^2 + 10t + 5 \text{ V}$$

 $4 \leq t \leq 9$ :

$$v_o = \int_{t-4}^{t+1} 10\lambda d\lambda = 5\lambda^2 \Big|_{t-4}^{t+1} = 50t - 75 \text{ V}$$

 $9 \leq t \leq 14$ :

$$\begin{aligned} v_o &= 10 \int_{t-4}^{10} \lambda d\lambda + 10 \int_{10}^{t+1} 10 d\lambda \\ &= 5\lambda^2 \Big|_{t-4}^{10} + 100\lambda \Big|_{10}^{t+1} = -5t^2 + 140t - 480 \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$

 $14 \leq t \leq 19$ :

$$v_o = 100 \int_{t-4}^{t+1} d\lambda = 500 \text{ V}$$

 $19 \leq t \leq 24$ :

$$\begin{aligned} v_o &= \int_{t-4}^{20} 100\lambda d\lambda + \int_{20}^{t+2} 10(30 - \lambda) d\lambda \\ &= 100\lambda \Big|_{t-2}^{20} + 300\lambda \Big|_{20}^{t+1} - 5\lambda^2 \Big|_{20}^{t+2} \\ &= -5t^2 + 190t - 1305 \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$

 $24 \leq t \leq 29$ :

$$\begin{aligned} v_o &= 10 \int_{t-4}^{t+1} (30 - \lambda) d\lambda = 300\lambda \Big|_{t-4}^{t+1} - 5\lambda^2 \Big|_{t-4}^{t+1} \\ &= 1575 - 50t \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$

 $29 \leq t \leq 34$ :

$$\begin{aligned} v_o &= 10 \int_{t-4}^{30} (30 - \lambda) d\lambda = 300\lambda \Big|_{t-4}^{30} - 5\lambda^2 \Big|_{t-2}^{30} \\ &= 5t^2 - 340t + 5780 \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$

**Prob 13.67 (Cont'd)**

Summary:

$$v_o = 0 \quad -\infty \leq t \leq -1$$

$$v_o = 5t^2 + 10t + 5 \text{ V} \quad -1 \leq t \leq 4$$

$$v_o = 50t - 75 \text{ V} \quad 4 \leq t \leq 9$$

$$v_o = -5t^2 + 140t - 480 \text{ V} \quad 9 \leq t \leq 14$$

$$v_o = 500 \text{ V} \quad 14 \leq t \leq 19$$

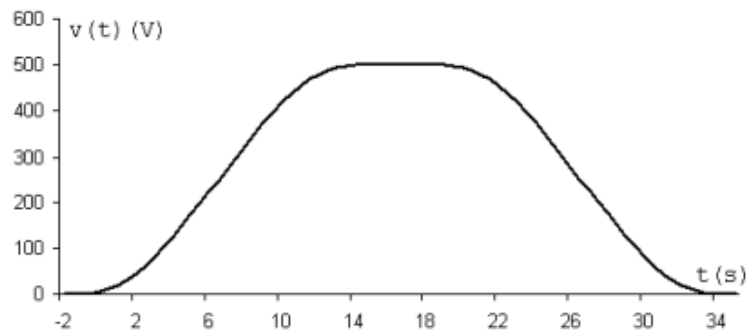
$$v_o = -5t^2 + 190t - 1305 \text{ V} \quad 19 \leq t \leq 24$$

$$v_o = 1575 - 50t \text{ V} \quad 24 \leq t \leq 29$$

$$v_o = 5t^2 - 340t + 5780 \text{ V} \quad 29 \leq t \leq 34$$

$$v_o = 0 \quad 34 \leq t \leq \infty$$

[b]



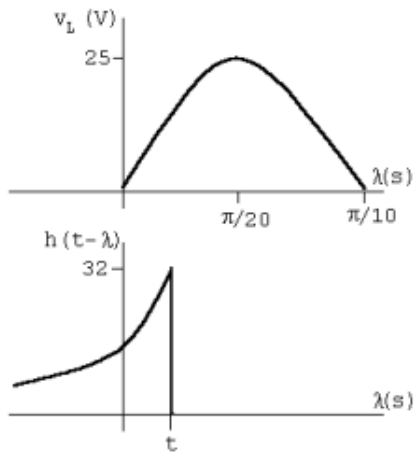
**Prob 13.71**

$$P\ 13.71\ v_i = 25 \sin 10\lambda [u(\lambda) - u(\lambda - \pi/10)]$$

$$H(s) = \frac{32}{s + 32}$$

$$h(\lambda) = 32e^{-32\lambda}$$

$$h(t - \lambda) = 32e^{-32(t-\lambda)} = 32e^{-32t}e^{32\lambda}$$



$$\begin{aligned} v_o &= 800e^{-32t} \int_0^t e^{32\lambda} \sin 10\lambda d\lambda \\ &= 800e^{-32t} \left[ \frac{e^{32\lambda}}{32^2 + 10^2} (32 \sin 10\lambda - 10 \cos 10\lambda) \right]_0^t \\ &= \frac{800e^{-32t}}{1124} [e^{32t} (32 \sin 10t - 10 \cos 10t) + 10] \\ &= \frac{800}{1124} [32 \sin 10t - 10 \cos 10t + 10e^{-32t}] \end{aligned}$$

$$v_o(0.075) = 10.96\text{ V}$$